ject with the Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilisers Ltd. has been rejected; if so, the reasons thereof;

(b) whether the Bharat Electronics Ltd. had applied for a licence to manufacture colour picture tubes and if so, why was the proposal rejected by Government and whether the demand for glass bulbs and picture tubes is expected to rise;

(c) what would be the equity participation of the Bharat Electronics Ltd and each of the multinational and private companies and whether the employees presently working in this unit would stand transferred to the proposed joint venture company; if so, whether the interest of the labour has been safeguarded; and

(d) whether it is a fact that the Bharat Electronics Ltd. was the pioneer in the manufacture of B/W picture tubes; if so, why is Bharat Electronics Ltd. deprived of further expansion when the market has become lucrative?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE PRODUCTION AND SUPPLIES IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI): (a) Government have under consideration some proposals regarding the future management structure of the Taloja TV glass bulb manufacturing unit of Bharat Electronics Limited. A final view in this regard has not yet been taken.

(b) BEL had submitted an application for industrial lincence for manufacture of colour TV picture tubes. The application has not been approved ending investment decision which is dependent on whether this line of manufacture fits in with the objectives and growth strategies of BEL as a Defence PSU. Demand for glass bulbs and picture tubes is showing a rising trend.

(c) As mentioned in reply to part (a), the future management structure of the Taloja unit is under consideration.

(d) BEL was indeed a pioneer in the manufacture of B&W picture tubes. There is, however, no proposal from BEL for further expansion of capacity for manufacture of this item.

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: Sir, this is a very important question. It is divided into four parts. The reply is also long. Why was the reply not given earlier and placed on the Table of the House? You are now reading it. You could give it as in the case of other questions.

SHRI RAOOF VALIULLAH: Sir, there has been a growing trend of privatisation of public units in this country. The Government had promised that a White Paper will be laid on the Table of the House. I would like to know whether the Government is serious about placing the White Paper on the Table of the House.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Creation of an All India Judicial Service

*162. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:
SHRI LAL K. ADVANI:

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) the recommendations of the 116th and 118th Reports of the Law Commission about the Creation of an All India Judicial Service and method of Appointments to the Subordinate Judiciary including fixation of uniform salaries, allowances and other conditions of service of the judicial officers belonging to the category of Subordinate Judicial Service;

(b) when were those recommendations received and what is Government's response to each one of them; and

(c) the action taken so far in this regard and proposed to be taken in the near future?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE AND THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) In its 116th Report, the Law Commission has recommended the formation of an All India Judicial Service. In its 118th Report, it has recommended uniformity in the designations, service conditions and method of recruitment of Subordinate Judiciary.

(b) and (c) 116th Report was received by Government on 2nd September, 1986, and 118th on 26th December, 1986. 116th Report has been discussed in the Chief Justices' Conference held on 10th and 11th October, 1988, and the proceedings of the Conference are awaited. 118th Report is under reference to the State Governments for their views since 17th September, 1987; and so far 12 states have furnished their comments.

Nuclear Medicine

*165. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state the full details of the contribution made so far by the atomic energy establishment in the country to nuclear medicine in general and diagnostics in particular?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): The Department of Atomic Energy has encouraged the growth of Nuclear Medicine mainly by making available a wide range of radiopharmaceuticals to various users in the country. The regional centre for radiopharmaceuticals set up at Bangalore, Calcutta and Dibrugarh offer radioimmunoassay services to hospitals. The ISOMED plant of BARC provide gamma irradiation service for sterilisation of medical products to a large number of user industries. Apart from R&D work on uses of radio isotopes, particularly in diagnosis and management of tropical diseases, the Radiation Medicine Centre (RMC) of BARC which is the regional reference centre for South East Asia in the field of nuclear medicine has been conducting training programmes for doctors and technologists since 1965. Since 1974 RMC has been conducting one year full-time training course for doctors leading to Post-Graduate Diploma in Nuclear Medicine (DRM) and for technologists (DMRIT) from the University of Bombay. The Department has also been giving stipends to the trainees attending these courses. There are a number of Nuclear Medicine Laboratories in the country which are conducting diagnostic investigations using radio-isotopes. Most of the reactor-produced radio-isotopes required for diagnostic Nuclear Medicine investigations are indigenously available in India.

Research in Yoga

*166. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Council for Research in Yoga and Naturopathy, the Central Research Institute for Yoga and the Vishwayatan Yogashram are engaged in research work in the field of Yoga; if so, since when; and

(b) the names and addresses of their research centres and the successful researches done so far in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI